

#### Is zoning a barrier to the city we want?

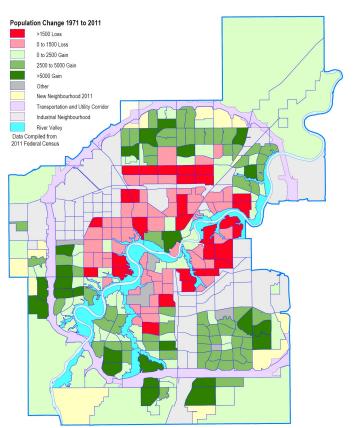




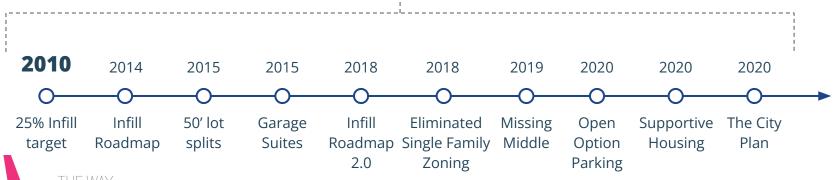
Credit: RichVintage/iStock

#### **Edmonton**, 1971-2011

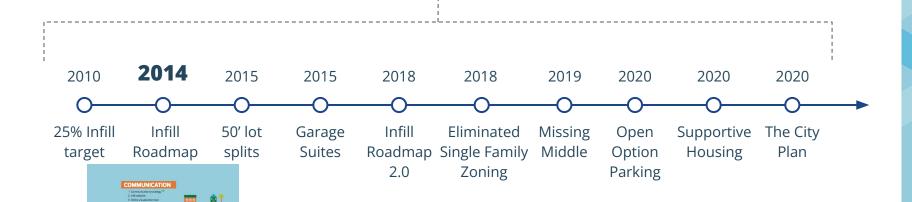
-77,000 residents from mature and established neighbourhoods







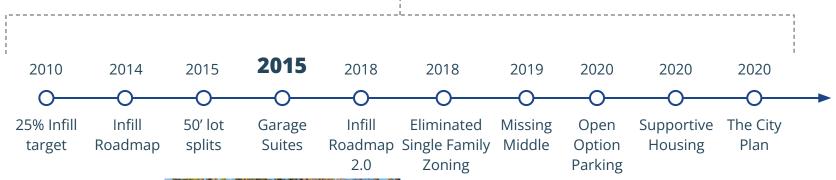












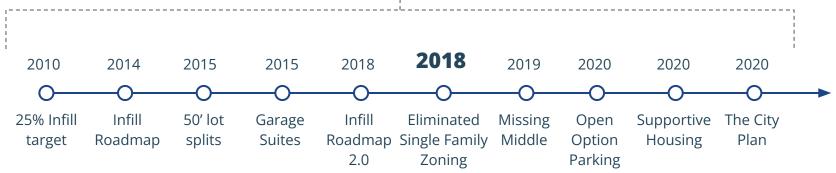






INFILL ROADMAP 2018



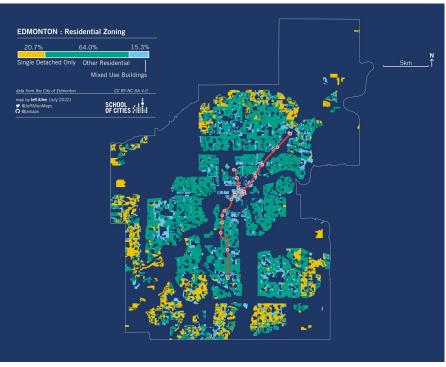




**Edmonton** 

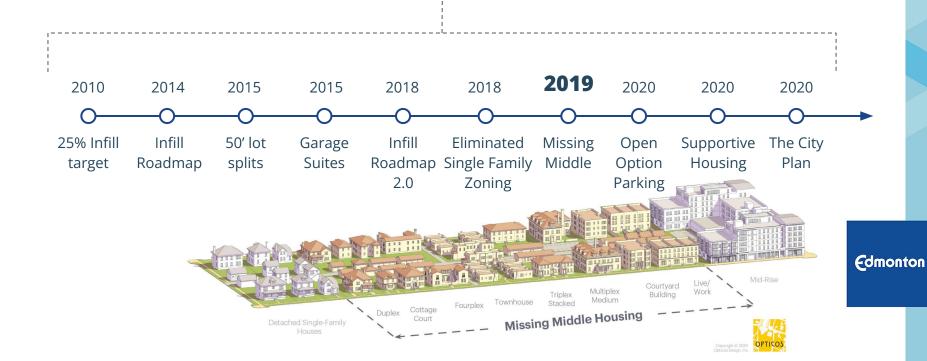
Credit: Ryan Herron/iStock

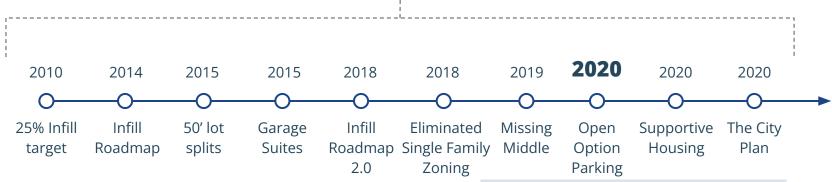
### **Eliminating** Single Family-only Zoning







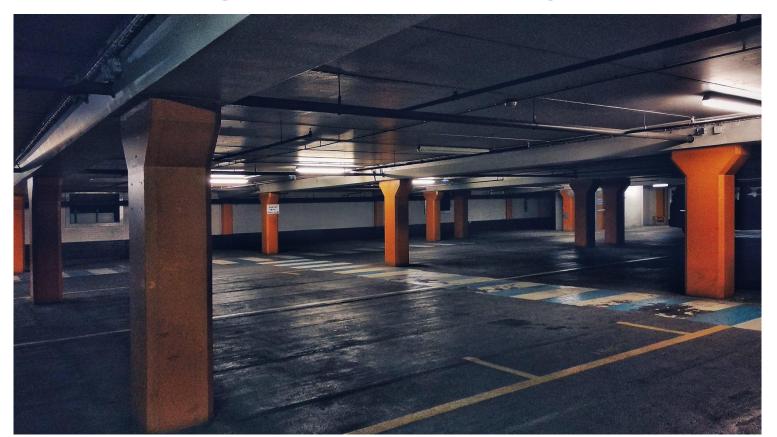








### **Eliminating** Minimum Parking Requirements

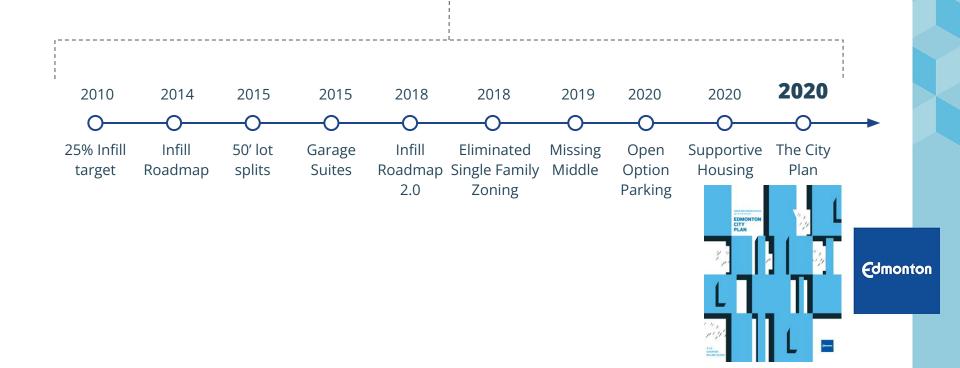






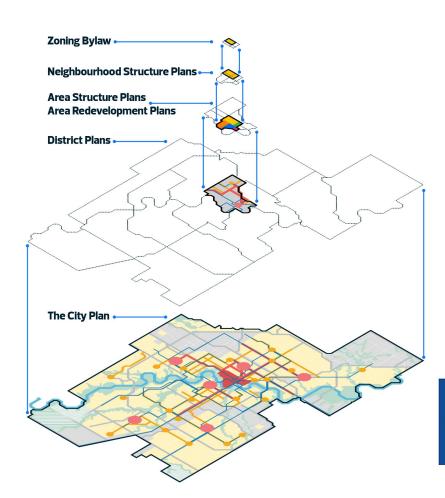
**Edmonton** 

Credit: Rat Creek Press



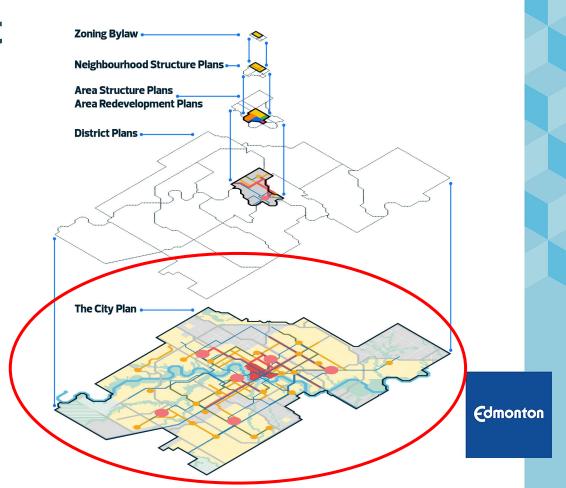
#### **Planning Context**

- + The City Plan (MDP)
- + District Plans
- + Area Structure Plans / Area Redevelopment Plans
- + Neighbourhood Structure Plans
- + Zoning Bylaw (LUB)



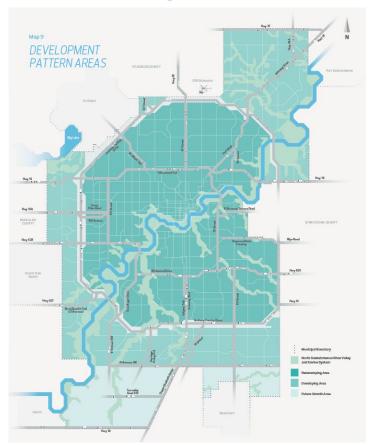
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### The City Plan Redeveloping Area

Target: +600,000 residents over ~50 years



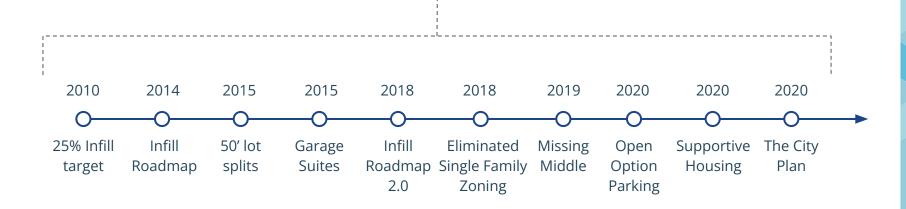


### The City Plan Redeveloping Area

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2024 Zoning Bylaw Renewal



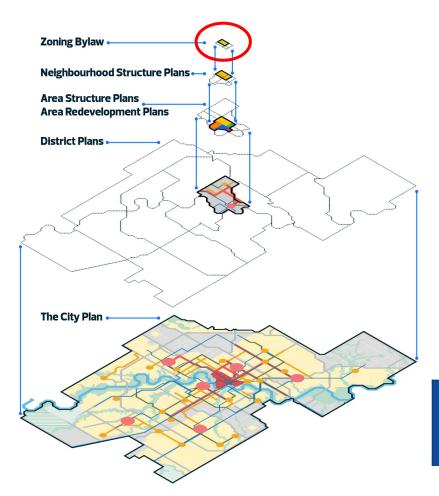
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#### **Zoning Bylaw Renewal Initiative**

#### **Projects**

#### **NEW ZONING BYLAW**



Develop a
user-friendly
Zoning Bylaw that
is aligned with City
policies and
directions

#### **REZONING**



**Rezone** properties city-wide **to align** with the zones in the new Zoning Bylaw

#### **TECHNOLOGY**



Ensure a smooth transition to a new Zoning Bylaw and new online tools (technology)

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**



Streamline & simplify Zoning Bylaw regulations and associated services and processes



#### **Our Approach**

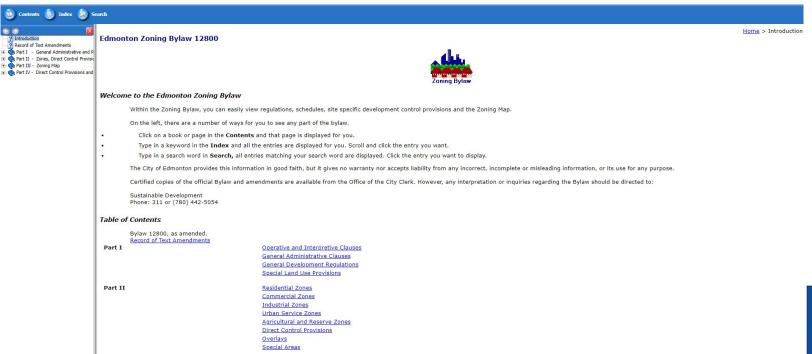
- New Layout and Interface
- Accessible Language
- More diagrams
- Fewer, More Enabling and Inclusive Zones

- Broader Uses
- Purposeful and Enforceable Regulations
- A Zoning Bylaw for Everyone
  - Gender Based Analysis Plus Pilot Project

#### **New Layout and Interface**

Zoning Map

Part III



#### **New Layout and Interface**



#### **New Layout and Interface**



#### Accessible Language: Before

1. Site and building layouts shall include design elements that take the principles of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) into consideration, particularly for commercial, industrial, multi-unit residential Uses and Vehicle Parking Uses. These elements may include, but are not limited to: elements that allow for natural surveillance, increase sightlines and activity; and high quality interior and exterior lighting. The physical layout and landscaping shall reduce the vulnerability of pedestrians by avoiding areas of concealment or entrapment such as:, long public corridor spaces, stairwells, or other movement predictors),; avoiding landscaping hazards such as: unpruned trees, rocks that can be thrown, or blind corners; and by locating Vehicle Parking areas close to building access points and by using wayfinding mechanisms. The Development Officer may require a Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design assessment prepared by a qualified security consultant, or similar professional, and may apply conditions to the approval of the Development Permit based on the recommendations of the CPTED assessment to promote a safe physical environment.



#### Accessible Language: After

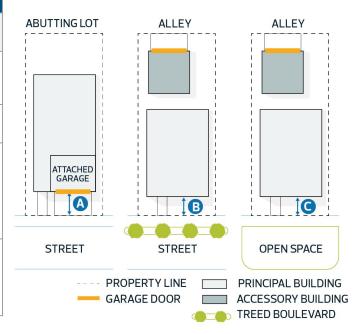
- 1.1 All developments must include the following design elements to promote a safe urban environment by providing natural surveillance, clear sightlines and wayfinding:
  - 1.1.1 Outdoor spaces must be well-lit.
  - 1.1.2 Entrapment spots and blind corners must be avoided or sufficiently mitigated.
  - 1.1.3 Pathways and building access points, where provided, must be clearly defined.
  - 1.1.4 Developments must provide clear signage, or other wayfinding techniques, where applicable.
- 1.2 Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) assessments must be prepared by a qualified security consultant, architect, or similar professional.

- 1.3 CPTED assessments must include the following content and recommended mitigation measures, where applicable:
  - 1.3.1 Site context, including Site location and surrounding developments;
  - 1.3.2 project overview;
  - 1.3.3 building design, including stairwells and access points;
  - 1.3.4 Parking Areas;
  - 1.3.5 security features and access controls;
  - 1.3.6 outdoor lighting;
  - 1.3.7 outdoor signage, or other wayfinding techniques;
  - 1.3.8 sightlines, blind corners, and potential entrapment spots;
  - 1.3.9 Pathways;
  - 1.3.10 Landscaping;
  - 1.3.11 public spaces; and
  - 1.3.12 any other relevant content.



### **More Diagrams**

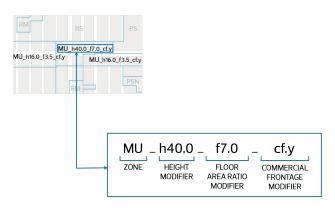
Table 1.1 Front Setback Regulations			
Section	Regulation	Value	Symbol
1.1.1	Minimum Front Setback	4.5 m	A
Unless 1 or more of the following applies:			
1.1.2	Minimum Front Setback where a Treed Boulevard is provided and vehicle access is from an Alley	3.0 m	В
1.1.3	Minimum Front Setback where the development is for Reverse Housing	3.0 m	С



#### Fewer, More Enabling Zones

#### **Proposed Actions:**

- + Reduction from 46 to 24 standard zones
- + Focus more on regulating form and impact; allow wider range of uses
- + Increased flexibility built in to reduce requirement for rezoning
- + Reduce reliance on site-specific direct control zoning
- + Introduction of 'Zone Modifiers'





#### Fewer, More Enabling Zones: Case Study





#### Fewer, More Enabling Zones: Case Study





#### Fewer, More Enabling Zones: Case Study





#### **Broader Uses**

#### **Proposed Actions:**

Reduce and consolidate uses: from 125 to 51

- + Consolidate similar uses into broader use categories
- + Regulate activities according to land use impacts
- + Single 'Residential' use class combining all housing arrangements

Reducing discretionary uses

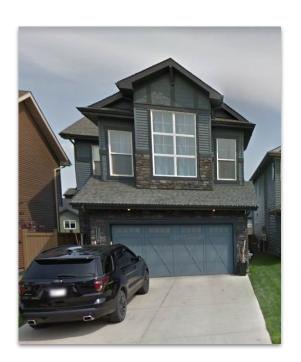
+ Provide additional development regulations in each zone for specific uses to mitigate potential land use impacts



### Residential Use: Single Detached Housing







#### Residential Use: Semi-detached & Duplexes





### Residential Use: Row Housing



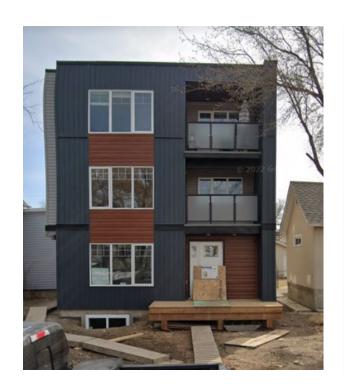


### Residential Use: Backyard Housing





### Residential Use: Small Apartments





### Residential Use: Cluster Housing





## Purposeful and Enforceable Regulations: Decision Informing Tool

- + Is there a legal requirement to regulate this?
- + Is it a land use issue?
- + Is it a health and safety issue?
- + Would regulating this align with long term policy?
- + Will it have an equity impact?

- + What are the service impacts?

  Does it simplify the development process?
- + Is it enforceable? Would it be a priority to enforce this if there was a complaint?
- + Is there an alternate means of regulation (ie, another bylaw)?



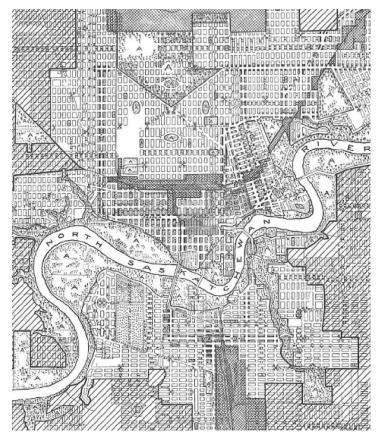
# A Zoning Bylaw for Everyone: Equity and the Zoning Bylaw

- + Advance The City Plan's vision for an inclusive & compassionate city
- + Reflect Edmonton's current size, future direction, and diversity:
  - Accommodate all housing needs
  - Support informal gatherings, recreation, arts, culture, and spirituality
  - Foster greater clarity and understanding of the bylaw, enabling more people to engage and use
- + Intersect planning best practice with an equity lens



#### **History of Zoning**

- + Organize land uses
- + Minimize conflicts
- + Exclusionary of certain segments of the population
- + Impacted and resulted in displacement of many First Nations, Inuit, and Métis people



Edmonton's 1933 Zoning Map



# A Zoning Bylaw for Everyone: GBA+ and Equity Toolkit



A **tool** to provide guidance to the Zoning Bylaw Team (and others) on how best to consider concepts of equity and diversity while drafting regulations



An **opportunity** to offset the disproportionate impacts felt by certain segments of the population



An **opportunity** for introspection and consideration of privilege and equity in the work that Edmonton's administration undertakes



#### How we are measuring success

#### **Sample Measures:**

- Decrease in the number of rezonings
- + Reduction in direct control zoning
- + Gradual decrease in variance requests over time
- + Reduction in development permit timelines over time
- + The number of development permit appeals decreases
- Increased housing supply and variety in developing and redeveloping areas



### Thank you!

For more info visit edmonton.ca/**ZoningBylawRenewal** 

